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## holt County Sentinel. WEEKLY REPUBLICAN NEWSPAPER

DERGON, Holl county, No. TERMS, TWO DOLLARS PER ANNUM

VOLUME IV.

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[iv naly] MANSFIELD & ELLINGWOOD,

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HAVE cured thousands of the worst cases of Agu-ed. Hesperian Pills are warranted to contain a-poisons, nor injurious drugs. They are nicely su-gar coated, pleasant to take,

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I THE BEST, CHEAPEST AND MOST CONVE-nient for Painters' use. Sold to the trade by WM. D'OENCH & CO., St. Louis.

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17 10 fv 19

Oregon, Missouri.

PAINTS for FARMERS and others.—The Grafton Mearral Paint Company, are now manufacturing for Best, Chespest and most Durable Peint in use; two coasts wait put on, mixed with pure Linseed Oil, will last ten or affean years; it is of a light brown or beautiful checolate color, and can be changed to green, lead, stone, drab, olive, or cream, to sult the taste of the sonsumer. It is valuable for Houses, Barna, Fences. Carriage and Car-makers, Pails and Wood-ware, Agricultural implements, Canal Hoats, Vessels and ships' Bottons, tianvas, Metal and Shingis Hoofs, it being Fire and Water proof, ) Floor Oil Cloths, (one manufacturer having used 5,000 barrels the past year,) and as a paint for any purpose is unsurpassed for hody, dirability, 'leakelity,' and adhesiveness. Price 32 per barrel of 200 pounds, which will supply a farmer for years to come. Warranteed in all cases as above. Sond for a circular which gives full pasticulars. None counter unless branded in a trade mark Grefton Mineral Paint. Addrass.

[20-8m] SP N. Ri street, St. Louis, Mo.

olders, Wealthy Business Men and Real Es-c Owners. Business done on the Stock Plan alone. No Premium Notes and no Assessments.

DANIEL ZOOK, Agent,

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Prepared by

0 Y S! Children's Carrin-ges, Baskets,

ST. JOSEPH, MO.

Chemicals,

HOLT COUNTY DIRECTORY. Professional Men, at Various Points

W. Notary Public, North Point, Mo.

Merchants and others, Oregon,

DAN'L BAVID, Dry Goods, Groceries, Hard-ware, Queensware, Boots, Shoes, &c. west side

WM. BUNKER, Wagon, Carriage, and Plo-

W. E. HILE, Nursery Stock, south side pub lie square. Agent for T. F. Allen & Co's Osag Orange plants, Price at nursery, \$2 per thousand

MAR. W. BOWMAN, agent for the celebra ed Mason & Hamlin Canner Ougans, and the heeler & Wilson and Florence Sewing Machine Merchants, &c., Forest City.

W. A. MACKOY, Dealer in Preduce, No. ROBINSON & PLATTER, All kinds of house

MISCELLANEOUS CARDS.

FRANK S. HOWARD, M. D., Will practice medicine in town and co OFFICK—Peter's Drug Store.

HORACE COOPER, TTORNEY AT LAW Ronl Estate Agent.
OREGON, MO.
OFFICE—One door west City Hotel, up stairs.
[iii19]y]

ZOOK & SCOTT, Bankers and Dealers in Exchange, and REAL ESTATE,

OREGON, MO. DO a general Banking business. Deposits received. Collections made. [110] DEVENEY & CO.,

Manufacturers and Dealers in

## Boots and Shoes,

FOREST CITY, MO. Eastern and custom made work constantly or hand. All work warranted. [iii-32-ly]

JAMES H. NIES, DEALER IN STOVES

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Ware N. E. Corner Public Square, OREGON, MO. Change for Tinware. Brass, and Pewter. taken in ex-

Lemon, Hosea & Co., WHOLESALE DEALERS IN FOREIGN & DOMESTIC DRY GOODS, NOTIONS,

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AND WINDOW SHADES, WOULD SAY to the public that my stock wall Paper and Window Shades is complete and is the largest and best selected stock west St. Louis, which I will sell at the lowest price wholesale and retail. and retail.

a on 3d Street, between Edmond and ST. JOSEPH, MO. Busine Pelix [liin7 8m]

WOOLWORTH & COLT, BOOK BINDERS.

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No. 83 Fellx street, ST. JOSEPH, MO. Cash paid for Hags.

BANKRUPTCY! BANKRUPT LAW OF 1867,

January 1st, 1869. Discharge from their Debts. DISCHARGE IN 90 DAYS.

JUBSON & JUBSON, Atty's of Law, Solicitors in Bankruptcy. Prancts street, 87. JONEPH, MO. (jv. 1033m)

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OREGON, MO. READY MADE CLOTHING,

AND Furnishing Goods of the Latest Styles

ALWAYS ON HAND. UITS MADE TO ORDER, ON SHORT NOTIC and in the latest styles. Call and examin ck of Furnishing and Piece Goods.





## Holt County Sentinel.

OREGON, MO., OCTOBER 9, 1868.

PLATFORMS Adopted at the Various Republican Conventions. NATIONAL.

Successors to Ira Peter,

Concentions.

NATIONAL.

The National Union Republican party of the United States, assembled in National Convention, in the city of Chicago, on the 20th day of May, 1838, make the following declaration of principles:

1. We congratulate the country on the assured success of the reconstruction policy of Congress as evidenced by the adoption in a majority of the States istely in rebellion of Constitutions securing equal, civil, and political rights to all, and regard it as the duty of the Government to sustain these Constitutions and prevent the people of such States from being remitted to a state of anarchy or military rule.

2. The guarantee by Congress of equal suffrage to all loyal men in the South was demanded by every consideration of public safety, of gratitude and of Justice, and must be maintained, while the question of suffrage in all the loyal States properly belongs to the people of those States.

3. We denounce all forms of repudiation as a national crime; and national honor requires the payment of the public indebtedness in the utmost good faith to sur creditors at home and abroad, not only seconding to the letter, but the spiril of the laws under which it was contracted.

4. It is due to the labor of the nation that faxation should be equalized and reduced as rapidly as national faith will permit.

5. The national debt, contracted as it has been for the preservation of the Union for all time to come, should be extended over a fair period far rederaption, and it is the duty of Congress to reduce the rate of interest thereon whenever it can honestly be done.

6. That the best policy to diminish our hurden of debt is so to improve our credit that capitalists will seek to lend us money at lower rates of interest than we now pay, and must continue to pay, so long as repudiation, partial or total, open or covert, is threatened or suspected.

7. The Government of the United States should be administered with the strictest economy. The corruptions which have been so shamefully nursed and fostered by Andrew

Painst, Oils, Varnishes and Dye-stuffs. Pure Wines and Liquors TOILET AND FANCY ARTICLES,

TOYS PICTURES & FRAMES.

ruptions which have been so stamethly nursed and fostered by Andrew Johnson, call londily for radical reform.

8. We profoundly deplore the untimely and tragic death of Abraham Lincoin, and regret the accession of Andrew Johnson to the Presidency, who has netsed treacherously to the people who elected him and the cause he was pleiged to support; has usurped high legislative and judicial functions; has refused to execute the laws; has used his high office to induce other officers to violate the laws; has employed his executive power to render insecure the lives, property, peace, liberty and life of the citizen, has abused the pardoning "ower; has demoned the National Legislature as unconstitutional; has persestently and habitually resisted, by every means in his power, every proper attempt at the reconstruction of the States lately in rehellion; has perverted the public patronage into an engine of wholesale corruption, and has been justly impeached for high crimes and missiemeanors, and properly pronounced guilty thereof by the votes of thirty-live Senators.

9. The doctrine of Great Britain and other Euro-Iron, Steel, Hardware,

ed guilty thereof by the votes of thirty-live Senators. The doctrine of Great Britain and other European Powers, that because a man is once a subject
he is always so, must be resisted at every hazzard
by the United States as relic of the feudal times,
not authorized by the law of nations, and at war
with our national honor and independence. Naturalized citizens are entitled to be protected in all
their rights of citizenship, as though they were native horn. No citizen of the United States, mative or
naturalized, must be liable to arrest or imprisonment
by any foreign Power for acts done or words spoken
in this country; and it so arrested and imprisoned,
it is the duty of the Government to interfere in his
helaif.

behalf.

10. fall who were faithful in the trials of the late were more entitled to more especial horself the brave sold for the late were more entitled to more especial horself the hardships of the camp and cruiser, and control the hardships of the camp and cruiser, and control the hardships of the camp and cruiser, and control the hardships of the camp and cruiser, and control the hardships of the control that the hardships of the control that the hardships of the hardships of the control that the hardships of the hardships of the control that the hardships of the hardships o DEERE'S MOLINE PLOWS; BROWN'S CORN PLANTERS; BUCKEYE REAPERS and MOWERS; THRESHING MACHINES, and PATTENT SPINNING WHEELS.

legacy bequeathed to the United States protecting-care.

11. Foreign emigration, which in the past has add-ed so much to the wealth and increased the resourc-ces of this nation—the asylum of all nations—should be fostered by a liberal and just policy.

12. This convention declares its sympathy with all oppressed people who are struggling for their rights. Resolved, That we recognize the great principles laid down in the Declaration of Independence as the true platform of democratic government, and we hall with gladness every sefort toward making these principles a living reality on every inch of Ameri-cian soil.

support.

2. That we thank the party called Democratic for unmasking to the country its real designs by the

WHITE LEAD

COUNTY. The Radical Republicans of convention at Oregon, Mo., Resolved, 1st. That the Pid National Couvention of the at Chicago on the 20th day of air most hearty approval; a y support at the coming Pry 1. S. Grant for President, 1 ax for Vice President

In Newtown, Md., there are 103 single ladies and only 16 single gentlemen. A music burglar-One who breaks in-

principles a living reality on every inch of American soil.

That we highly commend the spirit of Resource, That we highly commend the spirit of Resource, That we highly commend the spirit of Resource, the spirit of Resource, the spirit of Resource, the spirit of Resource, and the spirit of Resource, and are reconstructed. They are received back into the Union of the loyal people. We favor the removal of the restrictions imposed upon the late rebels as soon as the spirit of rebellion has died out.

STATE.

1. Resolved, That we heartly approve the declara-tion of principles adopted by the Republican Nation-al Convention, and believing that the election upon those principles of the chief defender of the laws to be their aworn executor, will give peace and quiet to the land and prosperty and happiness to the peo-ple, we pledge to its candidates, General Ulysec S. Grant and Schuyler Colfax, our hearty and united support.

putting down this new cause of the reledition, and crush the machinen who threaten to bring upon us another civil war.

3. That we, the Republicans of the State of Missouri, particularly endorse the third, fourth, fifth and sixth articles of the national platform, and resulting that the payment of the national debt is part of the national shoper, and good faith and justice are as obligatory upon governments as upon men, and that the spirit of the contract is more of its life even than its letter, and that we spurn and utterly condemn the evision of our national obligations, as proposed by the Democratic convention, as rainous to the credit and material interests of the country.

4. That a disfranchisement based upon a difference of color only, is neither just nor-republican, and that we therefore unequivocally are in favor of the adoption of the constitutional amendment now pending, that impartial suffrage may be established in Missouri, and that an unjust discrimination, born of siavery and the cause of the rebellion, may be forever removed from the laws of the State.

5. That while we believe that the disfranchisement

slavery and the cause of the rebellion, may be forever removed from the laws of the State.

5. That while we believe that the disfranchisement
of those who engaged in, sided or sympathized with
rebellion, was not only a legitamate and just consequence of their own conduct, but a necessary measure for the safety of the loyal people of this State, we
cherisk no revengeful feeling toward those who
fought in fair and open battle, though for an unjust
cause, and stand ready to restore to them every political privilege, at the earliest moment consistent
with State and national safety.

5. That the payment of our seventeen millions of
the State debt left by former Democratic administrations; the appreciation of the bonds of the State
from 33 cents in 1856 when they bore is per cent interest overdue to 91° mts without overdue interest in
1885; the enlargement of our school fund; the restoration of the credit of the State; accomplished not
only without increase, but with a large reduction of
taxation, give proofs of the ability of the Radical party to so manage the finances of the State as to secure
its prosperty and guard its hours, and at the same
time relieve the tax payers of an unnecessary burden.

7. That we sternly inset monde.

den.
7. That we sternly ins it upon the most economical administration of our state go frament, and that we earnestly recommend to our friends the greatest care and circumspecsyon in their nominations for public offices of men of established character and ne 27th, 1868, adopt-

epublican party, hele May, 1868, meets will I that we will cordial 2. That we, as loyal men a ed States, are in duty bound idebt contracted in a war with manner in which it was contract that the party which carried financial perils of civil was d citizens of the Unit-pay off the National ebels in the identical cted to be paid, and a safely through the competent to carry That the impartial a firece amendment to the telephone constitution, found as a second continue to the cumin includes of the equality of all men before the law, d the necessities of the reconstruction of the South-

When a woman bestows her hand upon a man, can he be said to hear away the palm?

THE GORGIA ASSESTED.

AND AMASSIATED.

THE PREVENCIAN AND STREET CONTROLLED STREET C

Mr. Pierce, in a buggy with Mr. Put-ney, proceeded toward the town, follow-ed at some distance by the rest of the party. With these latter was a planta-tion wagon, drawn by four mules, con-taining the colored band, consisting of two drummers and a fifer. Messrs, Pierce and Putney drove into town, dis-mounted from their buggy, and hitched their horse at the Court-House. At a hundred vards from the Court-House mounted from their buggy, and hitched their horse at the Court-House. At a hundred yards from the Court-House the band-wagon was met by the man Johns, with a double-barreled shot-gun, which he discharged into the wagon, wounding two colored men. Upon this there rose from either side of the road upon which the colored people were approaching the town, a large number of white men, who had been concealed in the under-growth, who opened a cross-fire upon the colored people in the road. A few of the colored people having pistols, endeavored to defend themselves, but a majority of them fled. Messrs. Pierce and Putney rushed toward the contending parties, Mr. Pierce throwing up his hands, and calling upon the freedmen to stop, saying "don't do that, don't do that." Upon this the whites, or a portion of them, turned upon Mr. Pierce and Putney and fired, wounding Mr. Pierce in the leg, and Mr. Putney in the clow and shoulder. Both, however, took to the woods and escaped, reaching the plantation of Messrs. Flagg and Fish, two gentlemen from Massachusetts, at 3 o'clock this morning.

To return to the battle or massacre at Camilla. The freedmen who were arm-

To return to the battle or massacre at Camilla. The freedmen who were arm-

two gentlemen were supposed to be contected that the content of their intentions of nurdering the content of the Georgia Legislature, but the proper of the Georgia Legislature, but the content of the Georgia Legislature, but the proper of the content of the Georgia Legislature, but the content of the Content of

laying the excitment.

Later.—It is reported that the murderers in the horrible massacre of yesterday were men not from Mitchell scounty alone, but from Baker and this (Dougherty) counties; it is believed that It has been determined by the white people that, the military having been withdrawn, the Republicans shall not canvass this district.

Later.—It is reported that the murderers in the horrible massacre of yesterday were men not from Mitchell scounty alone, but from Baker and this conting and attendance are generally good, and the general comfort of a meal is superior to that of a restaurant. Meals are furnished at restaurant prices by the steward.

The second story rooms are devoted

The editor of a religious paper objects to singing by choirs of churches while taking up a collection. He says: "We have sometimes seen brothers so absorbed in the singing during the collection, that, with their closed eyes, they could not see the basket as it passed."

Abe having heard it remarked by a lecturer that man is merely a machine," replied: "I suppose a lawyer is a suck-ing machine."

RATES OF ADVERTISING The Holt County Sentinel. CHAS W. BOWMAN, EDITOR AND PUBLISHER,

NUMBER 14

The second story rooms are devoted

An orator, perspiring freely, in a husky voice said: "In short, ladies and gentlemen, I can only say that I wish I had a window in my bosom, that you might see the emotions of my heart."

The newspaper printed it and left the "n" out of "window."

The editor of a religious paper objects to singing by choirs of churches while in a club house.

The second story rooms are devoted to the next great function of the clubconversation. Here gentlemen meet to discuss business, marriage, politics, amusements and philosophy. Many a valuable business acquaintance is made in the club house. What projects are not planned in the cushioned corners of the conversation room? Many enterprises are ratified by the members "over the drinks." A "dry talk" is a rare thing in a club house.

the drinks." A "dry talk" is a rare thing in a club house.

Once a month, however, it is customary for each club to give a supper, to which members are permitted to invite their male friends. This is always an elegant affair. The dining saloon is opened at 10 o'clock; a rich table is ready; and the great punch bowls are drained many times. Then follows a musical many times. Then follows a musical entertainment. Performances upon the plane by fine players, songs and comic 15,000 majority.

said the most eminent Unitarian elergy-man of this city to me lately. This is true; yet the best secity is not generally at the clubs. The best men are too busy to spend a great deal of time there; tho habitue of the club is often a mere loung-

At the monthly meeting one sees more frequently, the choicer elements of membership. A number of gentlemen then appear, also, whose names nobody knows. They are not seen at the club during the rest of the month, but they are punctually on hand on the occasion of this supper, as if attracted, like mice, from their hiding places, by the smell of the bait.

The cost of club membership varies, of course, with individual habits. Some men attend merely to read and converso and do not incur twenty dollars' worth of expense—beyond the semi-annual dues—in the course of the year. Others devote their energies to dining, wining, and cards—and in most of the clubs "play" is permitted—and in these little amusements sometimes manage to spend amusements sometimes manage to spend handsome incomes. Candidates for admission are usually

Candidates for admission are usually proposed in writing, by a "mover" and "seconder," both of whom must be members of the club in question. The clubs range from three hundred to eight hundred in the number of their members. Only residents of the city and suburbs are eligible to active membership; but a stranger may become a guest for a limited time on the written request of a member. A three-fourths vote of the club is required to expel; but obnexious members are generally allowed to resign quietly.

etly.

Ladies are not admitted "under any pretext," to the apartments of the clubs. A rival movement has lately been started, in the shape of an equally exclusive women's club, which rejoices in the name of "The Sorosis," or "The Sisterhood." Of this I may have more to say in anoth-

A married lady who was in the habit of spending most of her time in the so-ciety of her neighbors, happened one day to be ill, and sent her husband in great haste for a physician. The husband in great haste for a physician. The hus-band ran a short distance and then re-turned, exclaiming, "My dear, where shall I find you when I return?"

A cotemporary, who seems to have had the "experience," perpetrates the following good commdrum: "What is the difference between editorial and matrimonial experience? In the former the devil cries for 'copy;' in the latter the 'copy' cries like the devil."

A Mr. Bank lately married a Miss Gold of Ohio. We doubt if the Ohio Legislature will be able to put down that Bank, or prevent its issuing small bills. So long as the Bank holds on to its Gold, its credit will be good.

Its credit will be good.